2010	CIII	DELL	MES
2010	G G	DEL	11-6

2005 GUIDELINES

TIPS FOR IMPLEMENTING THE CHANGE

reports that mean intake is 33.6% of total calories

from fat.

Consume less than 7 percent of calories from saturated fatty acids (SFA) & replace SFA intake with poly-unsaturated fatty acids (PUFA) and mono-unsaturated fatty acids (MUFA).	Consume less than 10 percent of calories from saturated fatty acids.	Replace products that are high in SFA (i.e. full- fat dairy products, butter, lard, marbled meats and bacon, and tropical oils, such as coconut and palm) with items that are rich in PUFA and MUFA (i.e. vegetable oil spreads, vegetable and nut oils including canola, corn, safflower, soy, and sunflower, and almond, peanut, pecan and pistachio, as well as avocado and olive sources).
Limit total dietary cholesterol intake to <300mg/day and <200mg/day for individuals with or at high risk for CVD and Type 2 diabetes.	Consume less than 300 mg/day of cholesterol.	Limit overall total cholesterol intake by monitoring/ reducing major sources of cholesterol in the American diet (i.e. egg yolks, dairy products, and meats).
Avoid consumption of trans-fats from industrial sources and limit to <0.5% of calories from natural sources	Keep <i>tran</i> s fatty acid consumption as low as possible.	Limit total trans-fat intake by avoiding these common sources: commercially fried and baked foods (i.e. crackers, cookies, snack foods and commercially-prepared baked goods), stick margarines and foods containing partially-hydrogenated oils and natural sources (i.e. milk, sheep, goats, deer, buffalo, and marsupials).
Increase consumption of Omega-3 fatty acids by consuming two servings of seafood per week (4 oz. cooked, edible seafood per serving) which provide an average of 250 mg/ day of omega-3 fatty acids from marine sources.	No specific recommendation concerning intake of fish or omega-3 fatty acids.	Aim for 2 servings of fatty fish/week (i.e. cold- water fish such as cod, halibut, mackerel and salmon).
Keep total fat intake between 20 to 35 percent of calories, in accordance with the Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Range (AMDR).		Continue to work towards maintaining an overall lower fat intake; recent NHANES data (2005-2006)